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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/796,484	03/08/2004	Daniel Lee Avery	US 030078	2303
24738	7590 11/13/2006		EXAMINER	
	LECTRONICS NORTH TUAL PROPERTY & STA	TU, CHRISTIN	IE TRINH LE	
1109 MCKAY DRIVE, M/S-41SJ			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SAN JOSE,			2138	

DATE MAILED: 11/13/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
•		10/796,484	AVERY ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Christine T. Tu	2138			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet	1			
Period fo	• •					
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Openiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or the toreply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO , cause the application to become a	IICATION. a reply be timely filed DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 O	ctober 2006.				
	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
-	Claim(s) <u>2,4-11,14-18 and 20-23</u> is/are pendin	a in the application				
,,,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)⊠	Claim(s) <u>2, 4-11 and 14-18</u> is/are allowed.					
	Claim(s) <u>21 and 22</u> is/are rejected.					
7)🖂	Claim(s) 20 and 23 is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r				
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acc		hv the Examiner			
/_	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	- · · · ·				
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex					
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 H S C	& 119(a)_(d) or (f)			
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	priority drider 55 0.5.0.	3 119(a)-(d) of (f).			
,	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents		Application No.			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior					
	application from the International Bureau		· ·			
* \$	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies no	t received.			
Attachmen		_				
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413)			
	e of Draπsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application			
	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🔲 Other:				

Application/Control Number: 10/796,484

Art Unit: 2138

1. Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

Page 2

- 2. Claims 2, 4-11, 14-18, 20-23 are pending.
- 3. Claims 1, 3, 12-13, 19, 24-25 are cancelled.

Double Patenting

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

5. Claims 21-22 are again provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 23, 26 and 27 of copending Application No. 10/796,480. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the copending application '480

Art Unit: 2138

6eaches the claimed invention. The copending application '480 does not explicitly teach the configurator server. The copending application '480, however, teaches the "configurator circuit" (at line 5 of claim 23). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to realize that the configurator circuit (as taught by the copending application '480) would have been named as "configurator server". One having ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to do so because naming the configurator circuit (of the copending application '480) as "configurator server" would not affect the functionality of the configurator circuit.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed October 24, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant states that the amended claim 22 is now overcome the obvious-type double patenting as examiner's observations obviate need for terminal disclaimer.

Examiner, however, disagrees against Applicant's remarks. The amended claim 22 is still rejected under obvious-type double patenting unless terminal disclaimer is being filed. In the paragraph 6 of the previous Final office action (mail on September 26, 2006), Examiner meant to states that the 35 USC 103 rejection for claims 19-21 and 23 can be overcome by rewriting the original claim 22 in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Application/Control Number: 10/796,484 Page 4

Art Unit: 2138

In other words, rewritten the original claim 22 in independent form (as suggested above) only can overcome the art rejection, but not the obvious-type double patenting.

Therefore, the amended claim 22 is now still rejected under obvious-type double patenting.

- 7. Claims 2, 4-11 and 14-18 are allowable.
- 8. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christine T. Tu whose telephone number is (571)272-3831. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur. 8:30am-6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Albert DeCady can be reached on (571)272-3819. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Christine T. Tu Primary Examiner Art Unit 2138

November 6, 2006